PROJECT SPECIFIC PLAN FOR CERTIFICATION SAMPLING OF THE FORMER SOIL STOCKPILE 3 FOOTPRINT

FERNALD ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROJECT FERNALD, OHIO



OCTOBER 23, 2000

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY FERNALD AREA OFFICE

> 20450-PSP-0003 REVISION 0 **000001**

PROJECT SPECIFIC PLAN FOR CERTIFICATION SAMPLING OF THE FORMER SOIL STOCKPILE 3 FOOTPRINT

Document Number 20450-PSP-0003

Revision 0

October 23, 2000

APPROVAL:

Tom Crawford, Aref 2 Project Manager
Soil and Disposal Facility Project

Mike Rolfes, Area 2 Characterization Lead
Soil and Disposal Facility Project

Tom Buhrlage, Environmental Monitoring
Soil and Water Project

Tom Buhrlage, Environmental Monitoring
Soil and Water Project

Tom Buhrlage, Environmental Monitoring
Date

FERNALD ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROJECT

Fluor Fernald, Inc. P.O. Box 538704 Cincinnati, Ohio 45253-8704

FEMP-A2PII-SP3FOOTPRINT-CERTPSP 20450-PSP-0003, Revision 0 October 23, 2000

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	Intro	duction		1-1
	1.1	Purpos	e	1-1
	1.2	Scope		1-1
	1.3	Key Pe	ersonnel	1-1
2.0	Cert	ification	Sampling Program	2-1
	2.1	Certifi	cation Design	2-1
	2.2	CU Sa	mpling	2-1
	2.3	•	ing	
	2.4	Physic	al Soil Sample Collection	
		2.4.1	Equipment Decontamination	
		2.4.2	Certification Physical Sample Identification	2-3
3.0	Cert	ification	Sample Analysis	3-1
4.0	Qual		rance/Quality Control Requirements	
	4.1	Field (Quality Control Samples, Analytical Requirements and Data Validation	4-1
	4.2	Project	-Specific Procedures, Documents and Manuals	4-1
	4.3		ndent Assessment	
•	4.4	Implen	nentation of Changes	4-2 `
5.0	Heal	th and S	afety	5-1
6.0	Data	Manage	ement	6-1
App	endix	: A	Data Quality Objectives SL-052, Rev. 3	
App	endix	В	SP3 CU Samples/Coordinates/Identification	
			LIST OF TABLES	
Tab	le 1-1		Key Personnel	
Tab	le 3-1		Sampling and Analytical Requirements	
Tab	le 3-2		SP3 Footprint Certification Sampling Target Analyte Lists	
			LIST OF FIGURES	
Figu	ıre 1-	1	A2PII SP3 Footprint Location Map	
	ire 2-		A2PII SP3 Certification Units	
Figu	re 2-	2	A2PII SP3 CU Sample Locations	

LIST OF ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

A2PII Area 2, Phase II

APM Area Project Manager

ASCOC area-specific constituent of concern

ASL analytical support level CDL Certification Design Letter

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act

CLP Contract Laboratory Program

CU certification unit

DQO Data Quality Objectives

FACTS Fernald Analytical Customer Tracking System

FAL Field Activity Log

FEMP Fernald Environmental Management Project

FRL final remediation level

GIS Geographical Information System

GPS Global Positioning System

'HAMDC highest allowable minimum detection concentration ICP/MS inductively coupled plasma/mass spectrometry

LAN Local Area Network

MDC minimum detection concentration

mg/kg milligrams per kilogram
mg/L milligrams per liter
pCi/g picoCuries per gram
PSP Project Specific Plan

QA/QC Quality Assurance/Quality Control

RWP Radiological Work Permit

SCO Sitewide CERCLA Quality Assurance Project Plan

SED Sitewide Environmental Database

SEP Sitewide Excavation Plan

SP3 Soil Stockpile 3.

SPL Sample Processing Laboratory SWRB Storm Water Retention Basin

TAL Target Analyte List

V/FCN Variance/Field Change Notice WAO Waste Acceptance Operations

FEMP-A2PII-SP3FOOTPRINT-CERTPSP 20450-PSP-0003, Revision 0 October 23, 2000

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 PURPOSE

This Project Specific Plan (PSP) describes the certification sampling and analysis necessary to certify the footprint of the former soil Stockpile 3 (SP3). Certification demonstrates that risk-based, area-specific constituents of concern (ASCOCs) meet final remediation levels (FRLs). The former SP3 footprint consists of approximately 3 acres and is located in the southeast portion of Area 2 Phase II (A2PII) (see Figure 1-1).

The A2PII former SP3 footprint is northeast of the Southern Waste Units and the South Field and south of the Storm Water Retention Basins (SWRBs) West Chamber (Figure 1-1). The 2.8-acre footprint of SP3 was a former softball field that was constructed in the early 1950s for use by site employees. The stockpile was initiated in 1988 with the placement of excavated material from the SWRB project. The soil pile was used to accommodate excess soil generated during various construction projects in previously uncontrolled areas.

1.2 SCOPE

This PSP covers all physical sampling associated within the former SP3 footprint area certification, which consists of two certification units (CUs). The certification design is consistent with the Certification Design Letter (CDL) for the Former Soil Stockpile 3 Footprint. All sampling and analysis activities will be as consistent with the Sitewide Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Quality Assurance Project Plan (SCQ), Section 3.4 of the Sitewide Excavation Plan (SEP), and Data Quality Objectives (DQO) SL-052, Revision 3. DQO SL-052 is included as Appendix A of this PSP.

This PSP does not cover the certification sampling associated with the small ditch area between the south construction road and SP3 footprint boundary. These areas will be certified during certification of roads and corridors. This ditch can then catch runoff from the road and will not impact the certified area.

1.3 KEY PERSONNEL

Key personnel responsible for performance of the project are listed in Table 1-1.

TABLE 1-1 **KEY PERSONNEL**

Title	Primary	Alternate
DOE Contact	Rob Janke	Kathi Nickel
Area Project Manager	Tom Crawford	Jyh-Dong Chiou
Characterization Lead	Mike Rolfes	Deanna Diallo
Field Sampling Lead	Tom Buhrlage	Jim Hey
Surveying Lead	Jim Schwing	Jim Capannari
Waste Acceptance Operations (WAO) Contact	Linda Barlow	Lawrence Love
Laboratory Contact	Audrey Hannum	Chuck White
Data Validation Contact	Jim Chambers	Jim Cross
Field Data Validation Contact	Vicky Zimmerman	TBD
Data Management Contact	Deanna Diallo	Mike Rolfes
Quality Assurance Contact	Reinhard Friske	Mary Eleton
FACTS/SED Database Contact	Cara Sue Schaefer	Christa Blades
Health and Safety Contact	Debra Grant	Phil Thomas/ Jeff Middaugh

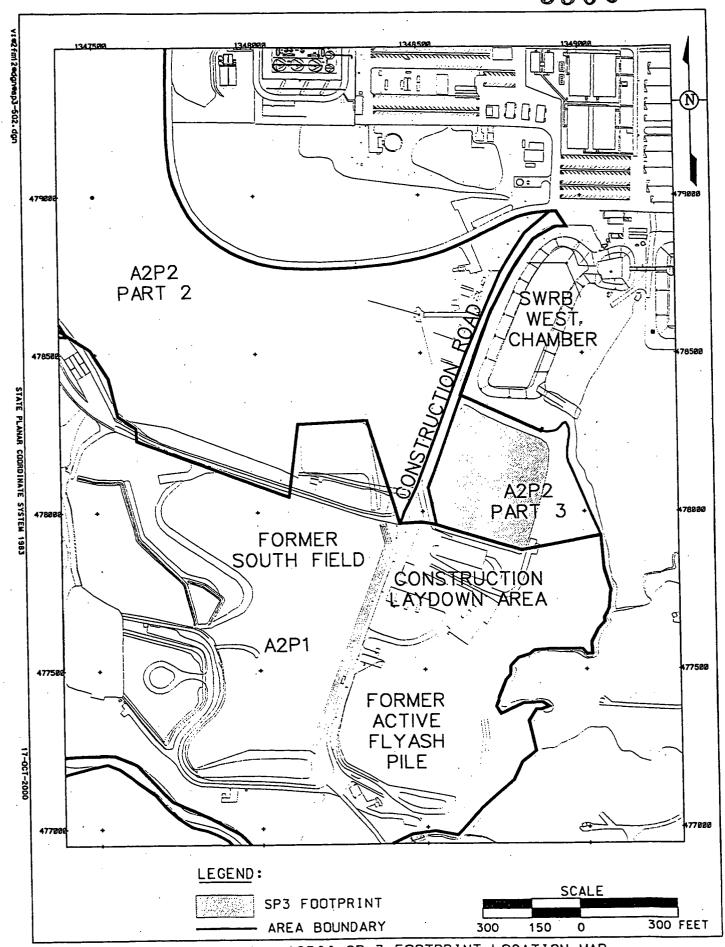


FIGURE: 1-1. A2PII SP-3 FOOTPRINT LOCATION MAP

000007

FEMP-A2PII-SP3FOOTPRINT-CERTPSP 20450-PSP-0003, Revision 0 October 23, 2000

2.0 CERTIFICATION SAMPLING PROGRAM

2.1 <u>CERTIFICATION DESIGN</u>

Details and logic of the certification design for the SP3 footprint area are described in the SP3 Footprint CDL. The certification design and sampling strategy follows Section 3.4 of the SEP. Two Group 1 CUs (which can be as large as 62,500 square feet) are identified and depicted in Figure 2-1. The SP3 footprint CDL CUs consist of the following:

• Two Group 1 CUs: one consisting of the northern section of the footprint (A2P2-SP3-C-1) and one consisting of the southern section of the footprint (A2P2-SP3-C-2).

The small ditch area between the south construction road and SP3 footprint boundary will be certified during certification of roads and corridors. This ditch can then catch run-off from the road and will not impact a certified area. This area will be certified at a later date with the roads and dirty corridors.

2.2 CU SAMPLING

Certification sampling consists of the collection of randomly selected physical soil samples within each CU per Section 3.4.2.1 in the SEP. In order to determine which samples to analyze while still providing sufficient area coverage, each CU is divided into quadrants, with each quadrant containing four sample locations. Three of the four samples from each quadrant are then randomly selected for analysis, resulting in a total of 12 samples analyzed per CU. The twelve samples to be collected for each CU are identified in Appendix B.

Appendix B includes a list of archive samples. The archive sample locations will be placed in the field and collected only if necessary. If archived samples are to be collected and analyzed, a Variance/Field Change Notice (V/FCN) will be generated to document the request. Figure 2-2 and Appendix B list all the samples per CU including coordinates and analytical disposition. Each sample will be submitted for the Target Analyte List (TAL) parameters listed in Appendix B.

2.3 **SURVEYING**

The NAD83 State Planar coordinates have been determined for each sample location listed in Appendix B. Before collection, sample locations will be identified and flagged using standard land

surveying methods. The sample elevation will be monitored during placement of the sample flag. If surface features prevent collection of soil samples at the planned location, the sample location may be field adjusted to accommodate safe and reasonable sample locations but may not cross CU or sub-CU boundaries. Any sample location moved more than 3 feet from the planned location must be approved by the regulatory agencies and documented in a V/FCN.

2.4 PHYSICAL SOIL SAMPLE COLLECTION

Soil samples will be collected using a 3-inch by 6-inch long diameter plastic or stainless steel core liner and will be sealed using plastic end caps, as identified in procedure SMPL-01. A variety of sampling equipment and methods may be utilized for sampling locations depending on the surface conditions. More specifically, the surface soil sampling locations in areas covered by grass will be sampled using a 3-inch diameter plastic or stainless steel liner or hand auger. For surface soil sample locations in any gravel areas, either a Geoprobe® core sampler (Macro-core tool) or hand auger will be used to penetrate the gravel to reach the original surface soil. At the discretion of the Field Sampling Lead, samples may be collected using other methods with concurrence from the Characterization Lead as specified in SMPL-01. The metals samples will be collected in the same push tube (core liner) as the rad samples. The metals samples may not be containerized in metal or stainless steel sample containers.

Before collecting the soil cores, the field sampling technician will remove all surface vegetation within a 6-inch radius of the points to be sampled using a blue nitrile glove or stainless steel trowel, taking care not to remove any of the surface soil. Regardless of the sample collection apparatus, the surface soil samples will be collected from the 0 to 6-inch interval at each location. For duplicate samples to meet the quality control requirements, twice the sample volume will be collected at those sample locations (identified in Appendix B). These duplicate soil samples will be collected within a 1-foot radius and not composited. All samples, including duplicates, will be assigned a unique sample identification number as identified in Section 2.3.2 and Appendix B.

If surface or subsurface obstacles prevent sample collection at any of the original locations identified in Appendix B, the location may be moved up to 3 feet in radius from the original location. The distance and direction moved will be noted on the Field Activity Log (FAL). If any certification sampling location is moved, it must remain within the boundary of the same sub-CU. Customer sample numbers and Fernald Analytical Customer Tracking System (FACTS) identification numbers will be assigned to

FEMP-A2PII-SP3FOOTPRINT-CERTPSP 20450-PSP-0003, Revision 0 October 23, 2000

all samples collected. The sample labels will be completed with sample collection information, and technicians will complete a FAL, Sample Collection Log, and Chain of Custody/Request for Analysis; this documentation is to be completed in the field prior to submitting the samples.

All samples collected from one CU (including duplicate samples) will be batched and submitted to the Sample Processing Laboratory (SPL) on one Chain of Custody form as one analytical release. Water Quality Control (QC) samples will be listed on a separate Chain of Custody form. If collected, archive samples (see Appendix B) will be kept under the Chain of Custody of the field crew and will not be submitted to the SPL unless directed in a V/FCN. Upon completion of sample collection, boreholes will be collapsed. If samples are submitted for off-site analysis, one alpha/beta screening sample will be collected per CU.

2.4.1 Equipment Decontamination

Decontamination is performed to protect worker health and safety and to prevent the introduction of contaminants from sampling equipment to subsequent soil samples. Field technicians will ensure that sampling equipment has been decontaminated prior to transport to the field sampling site.

Decontamination is only necessary in the field when sampling equipment is reused. Push tubes and core tube end caps require decontamination prior to use. If an alternate sampling method is used, equipment will be decontaminated between collection of sample intervals and again after the sampling performed under this PSP is completed. Equipment that comes into contact with the sample will be decontaminated at Level II (Section K.11 of the SCQ) in the field. Clean disposable wipes may be used to replace air drying of the equipment.

2.4.2 Certification Physical Sample Identification

Each certification soil sample will be assigned a unique sample identification code, as follows:

A2P2-SP3-C-CU-Location-Suite-QC, where:

A2P2-SP3 = Sample collected from the Area 2, Phase II (note a numerical number two is

used in place of roman numeral II for data management purposes) SP3 footprint

C = Certification Sample

CU = Certification unit

Location = Sample location number within each CU (1 through 16)

Suite = "RM", for radiological and metals

"PS", for polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) and polyaromatic hydrocarbons

(PAHs)

"V", for archive

QC = Quality control sample, if applicable. A "D" indicates a duplicate sample,

"X" indicates a rinsate, "Y" indicates a container blank sample.

Therefore, a duplicate sample taken from the 15th sample location from within CU-1 would be identified as A2P2-SP3-C-1-15-RM-D.

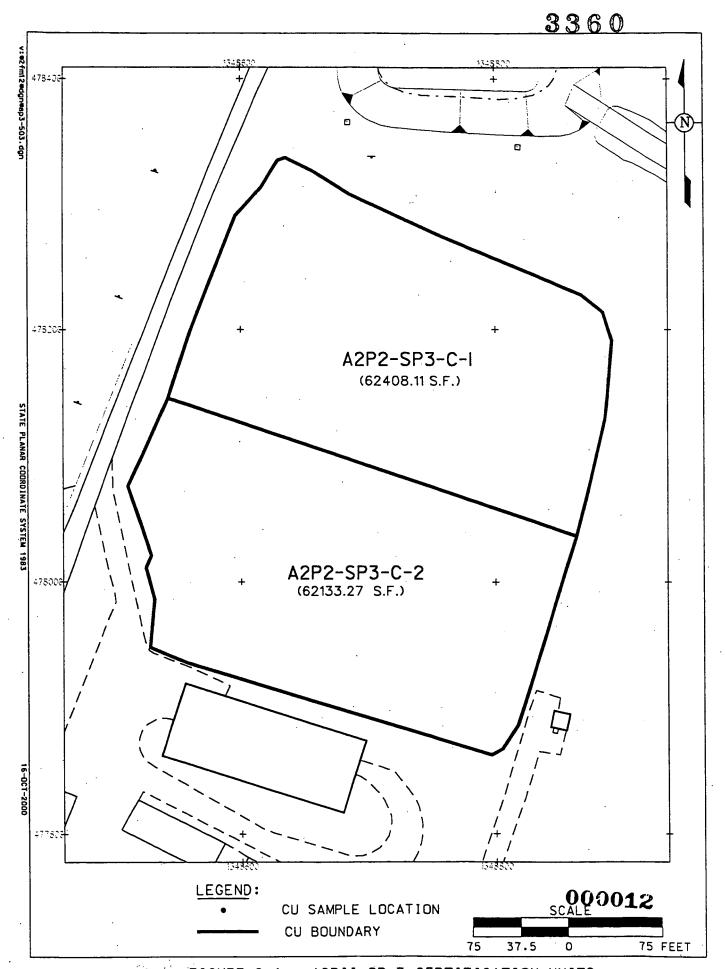


FIGURE 2-1. A2PII SP-3 CERTIFICATION UNITS

18 A 18 18 18 18 18 18 18

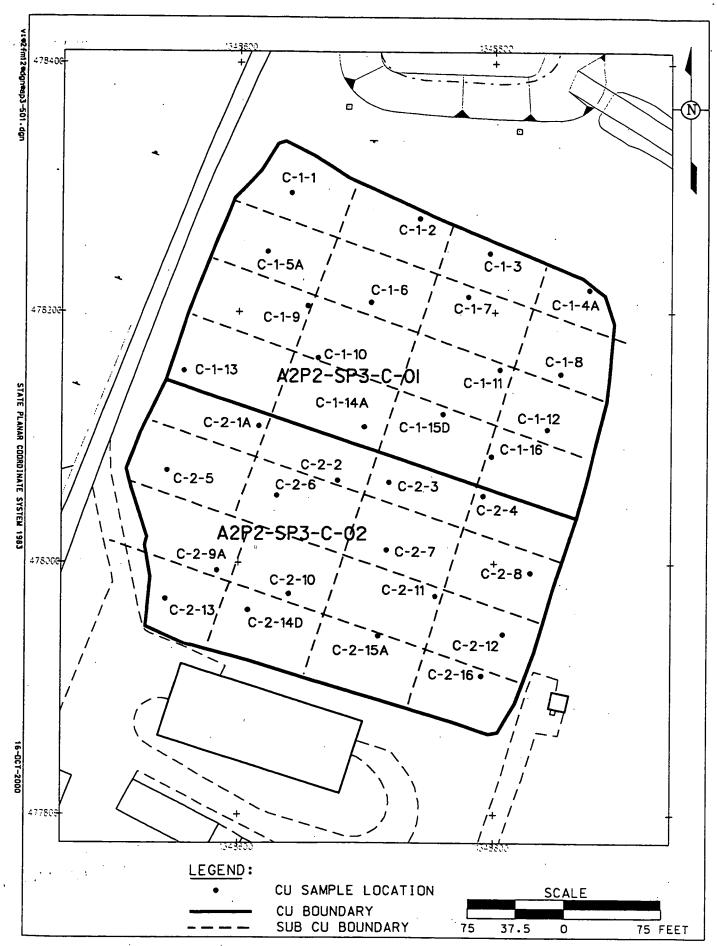


FIGURE 2-2. A2PII SP-3 CU SAMPLE LOCATIONS

3.0 CERTIFICATION SAMPLE ANALYSIS

The necessary volume of all samples collected will be prepared for the appropriate analytical method per requirements of the SCQ. Sampling and analytical requirements are listed in Table 3-1. The TALs are shown in Table 3-2.

If the Area Project Manager (APM) decides to analyze samples subject to methods not described in the SCQ, the APM shall ensure that:

- A variance is issued to include references confirming that the new method is sufficient to support data needs
- Variations from the SCQ methodology are documented in the PSP, or
- The APM may request data validation for affected samples or communicate to the lab that Data Qualifier Codes of J and R be attached to detected and non-detected constituents of concern, respectively.

TABLE 3-1 SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL REQUIREMENTS

Analyte	Method	Sample Matrix	Lab	ASL	Preserve	Holding Time	Container	Sample Mass
Total Uranium, Radium-226, Radium-228, Thorium-228, Thorium-232	Alpha or Gamma Spectroscopy	Solid	On-site or off-site	Eª	None	12 months	Plastic or stainless steel core liner or glass or polyethylene sample container ^b	300 grams
Arsenic, Beryllium	ICP or ICP/MS	Solid	On-site or off-site	D	Cool, 4°C	6 months	Collect in same core liner as rad sample ^b	20 grams
PCBs	GC	Solid	Off-site	D	Cool, 4°C	14 days	500 glass with teflon lined cap ^d	100 grams
PAHs	GC	Solid	Off-site	D	Cool, 4°C	14 days	500 glass with teflon lined cap ^d	100 grams
Total Uranium, Radium-226, Radium-228, Thorium-228, Thorium-232	Alpha or Gamma Spectroscopy	Liquid (rinsate/ container blank)	On-site or off-site	Eª	HNO₃ to pH<2	6 months	1 liter polyethylene	800 ml
Arsenic, Beryllium	ICP or ICP/MS	Liquid (rinsate/ container blank)	On-site or off-site	D	Cool, 4°C	6 months	500 ml polyethylene ^c	500 ml°
PCBs	GC	Liquid	Off-site	D	Cool, 4°C	7 days	2 x 1 liter amber glass with teflon-lined cap	1 liter
PAHs	GC/MS	Liquid	Off-site	D	Cool, 4°C	7 days	2 x 1 liter amber glass with teflon-lined cap	1 liter

The SCQ highest allowable minimum detectable concentration (HAMDC) for total uranium, thorium-228, and thorium-232 by gamma spectroscopy at Analytical Support Level (ASL) D is more stringent the minimum detectable concentration (MDC) needed for this certification. The MDC needed for this certification event is 10 percent of the FRL. Thus, the data deliverable for total uranium, thorium-228, and thorium-232 analysis by gamma spectroscopy will be identical in specifications for ASL D except for the HAMDC. As a result, the total uranium, thorium-228, and thorium-232 gamma spectroscopy data are considered ASL E.

b Soil samples for metals analysis can not be containerized in stainless steel containers. The SCQ specifies glass containers with teflon lined caps; however, polyethylene containers (core liners) may also be used as allowed by Contract Laboratory Program (CLP) procedure ILMO4.0.

^c The SCQ specifies collection of 1-liter samples for metals analysis; however, this volume is adequate for field QC since laboratory QC is not required.

^d PAH and PCB samples may be submitted in the same container, provided the minimum sample mass is achieved for each analysis.

FEMP-A2PII-SP3FOOTPRINT-CERTPSP 20450-PSP-0003, Revision 0 October 23, 2000

TABLE 3-2 SP3 FOOTPRINT CERTIFICATION SAMPLING TARGET ANALYTE LISTS

TAL 20450-PSP-0003-A

Alpha or Gamma Spectroscopy Method (ASL D, E*)

Analyte	FRL Limit	MDC	MDC for Rinsates/ Container Blanks
Total Uranium	82 mg/kg	8 mg/kg	0.40 pCi/mL
Thorium-228	1.7 pCi/g	0.17 pCi/g	0.02 pCi/mL
Thorium-232	1.5 pCi/g	0.15 pCi/g	0.02 pCi/mL
Radium-226	1.7 pCi/g	0.17 pCi/g	0.035 pCi/mL
Radium-228	1.8 pCi/g	0.18 pCi/g	0.02 pCi/mL

mg/kg - milligrams per kilogram pCi/g - picoCuries per gram pCi/mL - picoCuries per milliliter

* The SCQ HAMDC for total uranium, thorium-228, and thorium-232 by gamma spectroscopy at ASL D is more stringent the MDC needed for this certification. The MDC needed for this certification event is 10 percent of the FRL. Thus, the data deliverable for total uranium, thorium-228, and thorium-232 analysis by gamma spectroscopy will be identical in specifications for ASL D except for the HAMDC. As a result, the total uranium, thorium-228, and thorium-232 gamma spectroscopy data are considered ASL E.

TAL 20450-PSP-0003-B ICP or ICP/MS Method (ASL D)

Analyte	FRL Limit	MDC
Arsenic	12·ppm	3.44 ppm
Beryllium	1.5 ppm	0.15 ppm

mg/L - milligrams per liter

TAL 20450-PSP-0003-C GC/MS (ASL D)

Analyte	FRL LIMIT	MDC
Benzo(a)pyrene	2.0 ppm	0.33 ppm
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	20.0 ppm	2.0 ppm
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	2.0 ppm	0.2 ppm
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	20.0 ppm	2.0 ppm

TAL 20450-PSP-0003-D GC (ASL D)

Analyte	FRL Limit	MDC
Aroclor-1254	0.13 ppm	0.033 ppm
Aroclor-1260	0.13 ppm	0.033 ppm

Note: The MDC for arsenic, benzo(a)pyrene, aroclor-1254, aroclor-1260 is sufficient although it is higher than the ten percent of the FRL MDC.

FEMP-A2PII-SP3FOOTPRINT-CERTPSP 20450-PSP-0003, Revision 0 October 23, 2000

4.0 QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

4.1 <u>FIELD QUALITY CONTROL SAMPLES, ANALYTICAL REQUIREMENTS AND DATA VALIDATION</u>

The field quality control, analytical, and data validation requirements are as follows:

- Field quality control requirements include one duplicate for each CU, as noted in Appendix B and further described in Section 2.4. Two container blanks will be collected one before sample collection begins and one at the conclusion of sample collection for the push tubes and end caps. If an alternate sample collection method is used, one rinsate sample will be collected at a minimum frequency of one per 20 certification samples where reusable equipment (e.g., hand augers) is used for collection. Container blanks will be analyzed per TALs A and B. Duplicate field QC samples will be analyzed per the TALs listed in Appendix B. Rinsates will be analyzed for the TALs requested for the associated borings.
- All analyses will be performed at ASL D with an exception for total uranium, thorium-228 and thorium-232. The analytical package for total uranium, thorium-228 and thorium-232 analysis by gamma spectroscopy will be identical in specifications for ASL D except for the HAMDC. As a result, the total uranium, thorium-228 and thorium-232 gamma spectroscopy data are considered ASL E.
- All field data will be validated. An ASL D analytical package will be provided for ten percent of the samples at a minimum and an ASL B package for 90 percent or less of the samples. At a minimum, 10 percent of the analytical data will be validated to ASL D and ninety percent to ASL B. This will be obtained by validating CU A2P2-SP3-C-1 to ASL D. If any result is rejected, all data from the laboratory with the rejected result will then be validated to determine the integrity of the results from that laboratory. This change will be documented in a variance to this PSP.

Once all data are validated as required, results will be entered into the Sitewide Environmental Database (SED) and a statistical analysis will be performed to evaluate the pass/fail criteria for the each CU. The statistical approach is discussed in Section 3.4.3 and Appendix G of the SEP. This work is being performed per the requirements as stated in DQO SL-052 (Appendix A).

4.2 PROJECT-SPECIFIC PROCEDURES, DOCUMENTS AND MANUALS

To ensure consistency and data integrity, field activities in support of the PSP will follow the requirements and responsibilities outlined in the procedures and guidance documents referenced below.

- ADM-02, Field Project Prerequisites
- EQT-33, Real Time Differential Global Positioning System Operation
- Sitewide CERCLA Quality Assurance Project Plan (SCQ)

- SMPL-01, Solids Sampling
- SMPL-21, Collection of Field Quality Control Samples
- S.P. 766-S-1000, Shipping Samples to Offsite Laboratories
- Trimble Pathfinder Pro-XL GPS Operation Manual
- Sitewide Excavation Plan (SEP)
- Certification Design Letter for Former SP3 Footprint

4.3 INDEPENDENT ASSESSMENT

Independent assessment may be performed by the FEMP Quality Assurance (QA) organization by conducting a surveillance, consisting of monitoring/observing ongoing project activities and work areas to verify conformance to specified requirements. Surveillances will be planned and documented in accordance with Section 12.3 of the SCQ.

4.4 IMPLEMENTATION OF CHANGES

Before implementation changes, the Field Sampling Lead will be informed of the proposed changes. Once the Field Sampling Lead has obtained written or verbal approval (electronic mail is acceptable) from the APM, QA, and the Characterization Lead for the changes to the PSP, the changes may be implemented. Changes to the PSP will noted in the applicable field activity logs and on a V/FCN. QA must receive the completed V/FCN, which includes the signatures of the Characterization Lead, Sampling Manager, APM, and QA within seven working days of implementation of the change. All significant field changes (sample moves greater than 3 feet, changes from SEP certification strategy, etc.) require Agency approval.

FEMP-A2PII-SP3FOOTPRINT-CERTPSP 20450-PSP-0003, Revision 0 October 23, 2000

5.0 HEALTH AND SAFETY

Technicians will conform to precautionary surveys performed by personnel representing the Utility Engineer, Industrial Hygiene, and Radiological Control as applicable. All work performed on this project will be performed in accordance to applicable Environmental Monitoring project procedures, RM-0020 (Radiological Control Requirements Manual), RM-0021 (Safety Performance Requirements Manual), Fluor Fernald work permit, Radiological Work Permit (RWP), penetration permits, and other applicable permits. All personnel in the performance of their assigned duties require concurrence with applicable safety permits. A safety briefing will be conducted prior to the initiation of field activities.

All emergencies shall be reported immediately on extension 911, or to the Site Communications Center at 648-6511 (if using a cellular phone), or using a radio and contacting "CONTROL" on Channel 11.

_3360

FEMP-A2PII-SP3FOOTPRINT-CERTPSP 20450-PSP-0003, Revision 0 October 23, 2000

6.0 DATA MANAGEMENT

A data management process will be implemented to collect and manage certification information collected during the investigation. As specified in Section 5.1 of the SCQ, daily activities will be recorded on the FAL, with sufficient detail to be able to reconstruct a particular situation without reliance on memory. Sample Collection Logs will be completed according to procedure ADM-02.

Electronically recorded data from the Geodimeter or Global Positioning System (GPS) will be downloaded to disks on a daily basis unless otherwise instructed. Survey team members will review the data for completeness and accuracy and then download it onto the Local Area Network (LAN). Once on the LAN, the Data Management Contact will perform an evaluation of the coordinate data. Once complete, the data will be sent to the loader, where it will be loaded onto the Oracle system, and an error log will be generated. The data will then be made available to users through both the Geographical Information System (GIS) and Microsoft Access Software. Survey field team members will retain all downloaded data on disk for future reference and archive.

Field documentation, such as the FAL, Geodimeter Survey Files, the Sample Collection Log, and the Sample Request/Sample Analysis Chain of Custody Log will undergo an internal QA/QC review by the field team members. Copies will then be generated and delivered to the Data Management Contact, who will perform an evaluation of the data and create the appropriate links between the electronically recorded data and the paper-generated data. The paper-generated data will be sent to data entry personnel for input into the SED. Field logs may be completed in the field and maintained in loose-leaf form. The QA validation team will validate field packages.

Analytical data from on-site and/or off-site laboratories will be reported in preliminary form to the Characterization Lead on at least a weekly basis. This will be done by the laboratory contact as soon as the data are available in the FACTS database. Following required validation of the data for each sample release, the data from that release will be reported to the Characterization Lead in a summary data report format. All analytical data will be entered into the SED with the appropriate qualifier.

All records associated with this PSP should reference the PSP number and eventually be forwarded to Engineering/Construction Document Control to be placed in the project file.

APPENDIX A

DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES SL-052, REV. 3

Effective Date: March 3, 2000

Page 1 of 12

Control	Number	

Fernald Environmental Management Project

Data Quality Objectives

Title:

Sitewide Certification Sampling and Analysis

Number:

SL-052

Revision:

3

Effective Date: March 13, 2000

Contact Name: Mike Rolfes

Approval:

DO Coordinator

Approval:

A Carry Car

SCEP Project Director

Rev. #	О	1	2	3	,	
Effective Date:	4/28/99	6/10/99	2/3/00	3/13/00		

Effective Date: March 3, 2000

DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES Sitewide Certification Sampling and Analysis

Members of Data Quality Objectives (DQO) Scoping Team

The members of the scoping team included individuals with expertise in QA, analytical methods, field sampling, statistics, laboratory analytical methods and data management.

Conceptual Model of the Site

Soil sampling was conducted at the Fernald Environmental Management Project (FEMP) during the Operable Unit 5 (OU5) Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study (RI/FS). Final Remediation Levels (FRLs) for constituents of concern (COCs), along with the extent of soil contaminated above the FRLs, were identified in the OU5 Record of Decision (ROD). Actual soil remediation activities now fall under the guidance of the final Sitewide Excavation Plan (SEP).

As outlined in the SEP, the FEMP has been divided into individual Remediation Areas (or phased areas within a Remediation Area) to sequentially carry out soil remedial activities. Under the strategy identified in the SEP, pre-design investigations are first conducted to better define the limits of soil excavation requirements. Following any necessary excavation, pre-certification real-time scanning activities are conducted to evaluate residual patterns of soil contamination. Pre-certification scan data should provide a level of assurance that the FRLs will be achieved. When precertification data indicate that remediation goals are likely to be met, they are used to define certification units (CUs) within the Remediation Area of interest. Table 2-9 of the final SEP identifies a list of area-specific COCs (ASCOCs) for each Remediation Area at the FEMP. Based on existing data and production knowledge, a subset of these ASCOCs are conservatively identified within each CU as potentially present in the CU. This suite of CU-specific COCs is the subset of the ASCOCs to be evaluated against the FRLs within that CU. At a minimum, the five primary radiological COCs (total uranium, radium-226, radium-228, thorium-228, thorium-232) will be retained as CU-specific COCs for certification of each CU.

Delineation and justification for the final CU boundaries, along with each corresponding suite of CU-specific ASCOCs is documented in a Certification Design Letter. Upon approval of the Certification Design Letter by the EPA, certification activities can begin. Section 3.4 of the final SEP presents the general certification strategy.

Effective Date: March 3, 2000

Page 3 of 12

1.0 Statement of Problem

FEMP soil and potentially impacted adjacent off-property soil must be certified on a CU by CU basis for compliance with the FRLs of all CU-specific ASCOCs. The appropriate sampling, analytical and information management criteria must be developed to provide the required qualified data necessary to demonstrate attainment of certification statistical criteria. For every area undergoing certification, a sampling plan must be in place that will direct soil samples to be collected which are representative of the CU-specific COC concentrations within the framework of the certification approach identified in the final SEP. The appropriate analytical methodologies must be selected to provide the required data.

Exposure to Soil

The cleanup standards, or FRLs, were developed for a final site land use as an undeveloped park. Under this exposure scenario, receptors could be directly exposed to contaminated soil through dermal contact, external radiation, incidental ingestion, and/or inhalation of fugitive dust while visiting the park. Exposure to contaminated soil by the modeled receptor is expected to occur at random locations within the boundaries of the FEMP and would not be limited to any single area. Some soil FRLs were developed based on the modeled cross-media impact potential of soil contamination to the underlying aquifer. In these instances, potential exposure to contaminants would be indirect through the groundwater pathway, and not directly linked to soil exposure. Off-site soil FRLs were established at more conservative levels than the on-property soil FRLs, based on an agricultural receptor. Benchmark Toxicity Values (BTVs) are also being considered in the cleanup process by assessing habitat impact of individual BTVs under post-remedial conditions.

Available Resources

Time: Certification sampling will be accomplished by the field sampling team prior to interim or final regrading or release of soil for construction activities. The certification sampling schedule must allow sufficient time, in the event additional remediation is required, to demonstrate certification of FRLs prior to permanent construction or regrading. Certification sampling will have to be completed and analytical results validated and statistical analysis completed prior to submission of a Certification Report to the regulatory agencies.

Project Constraints: Certification sampling and analytical testing must be performed with existing manpower, materials and equipment to support the certification effort. Remediation areas are prioritized for certification sampling and analysis according to the date required for initiation of sequential construction activities in those areas. Fluor Daniel Fernald (FDF) and DOE must demonstrate post-remedial compliance with the CU-specific COC FRLs to release the designated Remediation Area for

Effective Date: March 3, 2000

planned interim grading, eventual restoration under the Natural Resources Restoration Plan (NRRP), and other final land use activities.

2.0 Identify the Decision

Decision

Demonstrate within each CU if all CU-specific COCs pass the certification criteria. These criteria are as follows: 1) The average concentration of each CU-specific COC is below the FRL and within the agreed upon confidence limits (95% for primary ASCOCs and 90% for secondary ASCOCs); and 2) the hot-spot criteria, that no result for any CU-specific COC is more than two times the associated soil FRL. The certification criteria are discussed in greater detail in Section 3.4.4 of the final SEP.

Possible Results

- The average concentration of each CU-specific COC is demonstrated to be below the FRLs within the confidence level, with no single result for any CUspecific COC greater than two times the associated FRL. The CU can then be certified as attaining remediation goals.
- 2. The average concentration of at least one CU-specific COC is demonstrated to be above the FRL at the given confidence level. The CU will fail certification and require additional remedial action, per Section 3.4.5 of the final SEP.
- If a result(s) of one or more CU-specific COC is demonstrated to be at or above two times the FRL, the CU will fail certification. The CU will fail certification and require additional remedial action per Section 3.4.5 of the final SEP. A combination of results 2 and 3 also constitutes certification failure.

3.0 Inputs That Affect the Decision

Required Information

Certification data will be obtained through physical soil sampling. Based on the certification analytical results, the average concentrations of each CU-specific COC with specified confidence levels will be calculated using the statistical methods identified in Appendix G of the final SEP.

Source of Information

Per the SEP, analysis of certification samples for each CU-specific COC will be conducted at analytical support level (ASL) D in accordance with methods and QA/QC standards in the FEMP Sitewide CERCLA Quality Assurance Project Plan [SCQ].

Effective Date: March 3, 2000

Page 5 of 12

Contaminant-Specific Action Levels

The cleanup levels are the soil FRLs published in the OU5 and OU2 RODs. BTVs being considered in the remediation process are discussed for consideration during certification in Appendix C of the NRRP.

Methods of Sampling and Analysis

Physical soil samples will be collected in accordance with the applicable site sampling procedures. Per the SEP, laboratory analysis will be conducted at ASL D using QA/QC protocols specified in the SCQ. Full raw data deliverables will be required from the laboratory to allow for appropriate data validation. For FEMP-approved on- and off-site laboratories, the analytical method used will meet the required precision, accuracy and detection capabilities necessary to achieve FRL analyte ranges.

4.0 The Boundaries of the Situation

Spatial Boundaries

Domain of the Decision: The boundaries of this certification DQO extend to all surface, stockpile and fill soil in areas that are undergoing certification as part of FEMP remediation.

Population of Soil: Soil includes all excavated surfaces, undisturbed relatively unimpacted native soil, and sub-surface intervals (stockpile or fill areas only) in areas undergoing certification sampling and analysis.

Scale of Decision Making

Based on considerations of the final certification units and the COC evaluation process, the CU-specific COCs are determined. The area undergoing certification will be evaluated on a CU basis, based on physical sample results, as to whether it has passed or failed the criteria for attainment of certification (final SEP Section 3.4.4).

Temporal Boundaries

Time frame: Certification sampling must be performed in time to sequentially release certified areas for scheduled interim grading, restoration, and other final land use activities. Certification sampling data received from the laboratory will be validated and statistically evaluated. Certification results and findings will be documented in Certification Reports, which must be submitted to and approved by the regulatory agencies prior to release of the areas for scheduled interim grading, restoration, and other final land use activities.

000027

Effective Date: March 3, 2000

Practical Considerations: Some areas undergoing remediation will not be accessible for certification sampling until decontamination/demolition and remedial excavation activities are complete. Other areas, such as wood lots, that are relatively uncontaminated and not planned for excavation, may require preparation, such as cutting of grass or removal of undergrowth prior to certification sampling, thus requiring coordination with FEMP Maintenance personnel.

5.0 <u>Decision Rule</u>

Successful certification of soil within the boundaries of a certification unit (CU) demonstrates that the certified soil (surface or subsurface) has concentrations of CU-specific COC(s) that meet the established criteria for attainment of Certification.

Parameters of Interest

The parameters of interest are the individual and average surface soil concentrations of CU-specific COCs and confidence limits on the calculated average within a CU. OU2 and OU5 ROD identify all applicable soil FRLs. The SEP identifies the ASCOCs, a subset of which will be used to establish CU-specific COCs within each Remediation Area undergoing certification sampling and analysis.

Action Levels

The applicable action levels are the on- and off-property soil FRLs published in the OU5 or OU2 ROD for each ASCOC.

Decision Rules

If the average concentration for each CU-specific COC is demonstrated to be below the FRLs within the agreed upon confidence level (95% for primary COCs; 90% for secondary COCs), and no analytical result exceeds two times the soil FRL, then the CU can be certified as complying with the cleanup criteria. If a CU does not meet the FRLs within the agreed upon confidence level for one or more CU-specific COCs, or one or more analytical results for one or more CU-specific COCs is greater than two times the associated soil FRL, then the CU fails certification and requires further assessment as per the SEP.

Effective Date: March 3, 2000

Page 7 of 12

6.0 <u>Limits on Decision Errors</u>

Types of Decision Errors and Consequences

Definition

Decision Error 1: This decision error occurs when the decision maker decides that a CU has met the certification criteria, when in reality, the certification criteria have not been met. This situation could result in an increased risk to human health and the environment. In addition, this type of error could result in regulatory fees and penalties.

Decision Error 2: This decision error occurs when the decision maker decides a CU does not met the certification criteria, when actually, the certification criteria have been met. This error would result in unnecessary added costs due to the excavation of soil containing COC concentrations below their FRLs, and an increased volume of soil assigned to the OSDF. In addition, unnecessary delays in the remediation schedule may result.

True State of Nature for the Decision Errors

The true state of nature for Decision Error 1 is that the certification criteria are not met (average CU-specific COC concentrations not below the FRL within the specified confidence limits; or a single sample result above two times the FRL). The true state of nature for Decision Error 2 is that certification criteria are met (average CU-specific COC concentrations are below the FRL within the specified confidence limits, and no result is above two times the FRL). Decision Error 1 is the more severe error due to the potential threat this poses to human health and the environment.

Null Hypothesis

H_o: The average concentration of at least one CU-specific COC within a CU is equal to or greater than the associated FRL.

H₁: The average concentration of all CU-specific COCs within a CU is less than the action levels.

False Positive and False Negative Errors

A false positive is Decision Error 1: less than or equal to five percent (p = .05) is considered the acceptable decision error in determination of compliance with FRLs for primary ASCOCs, while ten percent (p = .10) is acceptable for secondary ASCOCs.

Effective Date: March 3, 2000

A false negative is Decision Error 2: less than or equal to 20 percent is considered the acceptable decision error. This decision error is controlled through the determination of sample sizes (see Section G.1.4.1 of the final SEP).

7.0 Design for Obtaining Quality Data

Section 3.4.2 of the final SEP presents the specifics of the certification sampling design. The following text describes the general certification sampling design.

Soil Sample Locations

In order to select certification sampling locations, each CU is divided into 16 approximately equal sub-CUs. Certification sample locations are then generated by randomly selecting an easting and northing coordinate within the boundaries of each cell. Additional alternative sample locations are also generated in case the original random sample location fails the minimum distance criterion. The minimum distance criterion is defined as the minimum distance allowed between random sample locations in order to eliminate the chance of random sample points clustering within a small area. This clustering would tend to over emphasize a small area and, conversely, under represent a large area in certification determination. By not allowing sample locations to be too closely arranged, the sample locations are spread out and provide a more uniform coverage, thus reducing the possibility of large unsampled areas. The equation for determining minimum distance criterion is presented in Section 3.4.2.1 of the SEP.

In the event that the original random sample location failed the minimum distance criterion, the first alternate location was selected and all the locations were retested. This process continued until all 16 random locations passed the minimum distance criteria.

Each CU is also divided into four quadrants, each of which contains 4 sub-CUs and 4 sample locations. Three of the four locations per quadrant (12 per CU) are then selected for sample collection and analysis. The other one per quadrant (4 per CU) are designated as "archives", and samples will not be collected and analyzed unless need arises due to analytical or validation problems warrant. Per Section 3.4.2 of the SEP, as few as 8 samples may be collected from Group 2 CUs for analysis of secondary COCs.

Physical Samples

Physical soil certification samples will be collected from the surface according to SMPL-01 at locations identified in the PSP (generally 12 of the 16 locations per CU).

Effective Date: March 3, 2000

Page 9 of 12

If stockpiled soil is to be certified, two CUs will be established, on for the stockpile and one for the underlying soil (i.e., the "footprint"). To certify the stockpile, samples will be collected from predetermined random intervals from within the stockpiled soil at each certification sampling location identified in the PSP. To certify the footprint, the first 6-inches of native soil present at each sampling location will also be collected for certification. If fill soil is to be certified, the strategy (surface or sampling at depth) will be based on results from the precertification scan of the fill area(s), as discussed in the Certification Design Letter and the certification PSP.

Laboratory Analysis

As defined in the PSP, a minimum of 8 to 12 samples per CU will be submitted to the on-site laboratory or a FDF approved off-site laboratory for analysis. All certification analyses will meet ASL D requirements per the SCQ except for the HAMDC. Samples will be analyzed for all CU-specific ASCOCs, with minimum detection levels set according to the SCQ and applicable project guidelines.

Validation

All field data will be validated. Also, a minimum of 10 percent of the analytical data from each laboratory will be subject to analytical validation to ASL D requirements in the SCQ, and will require an ASL D package. The remaining analytical data will be validated to a minimum of ASL B, and will require an ASL B package.

8.0 Use of Data to Test Null Hypothesis

Appendix G of the final SEP discusses in detail, the statistical evaluations of certification data used to determine attainment of certification criteria.

000031

Effective Date: March 3, 2000

Data Quality Objectives Sitewide Certification Sampling and Analysis

1A.	Task Description:	
1B.	Project Phase: (Put an X in the appro	opriate selection.)
	RI□ FS□ RD□ RA⊠ RvA□ Oth	er (specify)
1C.	DQO No.: <u>SL-052, Rev. 2</u>	OQO Reference No.:
2.	Media Characterization: (Put an X in	the appropriate selection.)
	Air□ Biological□ Groundwater□ Se Waste□ Wastewater□ Surface Wat	
	3. Data Use with Ananlytical Suppo Analytical Support Level selection(s)	ort Level (A-E): (Put an X in the appropriate beside each applicable data use)
	Site Characterization	Risk Assessment
	AD BD CO DD ED	AO BO CO DO EO
	Evaluation of Alternatives	Engineering Design
	Ao Bo Co Do Eo	AO BO CO DO EO
	Monitoring During Remediation	Other
	Ao Bo Co Do Eo	A□ B□ C□ D⊠ E□
4A.		Action Work Plans, Applicable or Relevant and and Operable Unit 2 and Operable Unit 5 Excavation Plan (SEP).
4B.	Objective: Confirmation that remedia areas, have met certification criteria	ation areas at the FEMP, or adjacent off-property on a CU by CU basis.
5.	Site Information (Description):	
	remediation activities. The RODs sp demonstrated to be below the FRLs, some adjacent off-property soil to de	ified areas at the FEMP that require soil becify that the soil in these areas will be Certification is necessary for all FEMP soil and emonstrate that the residual soil does not any the FRL at a specified confidence level.

Page 10 of 12

	#: SL-052, Rev. 3 tive Date: March 3, 20	000						Pag	e 11 of 12
6A.	Data Types with app Reference: (Place and type of analysis or a the analysis if appro	n "X" 1 nalyse	to 1 s r	the right o equired. T	f the approp	riate he ty	box pe o	or boxes sele f equipment 1	cting the to perform
1.	pH Temperature Specific Conductance Dissolved Oxygen Technetium-99			Uranium Full Radio Metals Cyanide Silica	ological	8 * 8 * 8 * C	3.	BTX TPH Oil/Grease	0 0
4.	Cations Anions TOC TCLP CEC * As identified in the	0		VOA BNA PEST PCB COD ification PS	SP	⊠* □ ⊠* ⊠*	6.	Other (speci	fy)
6.B.	Equipment Selection	and S	CC	2 Reference	e:				
	Equip	ment S	Sele	ection	·.		Refe	r to SCQ Sec	ction
	ASL A			·	SCQ Section	n			
	ASL B				SCQ Section				,
	ASL C				SCQ Section	n			
\	ASL D Per SCQ and	PSP			SCQ Section	n Apr	end	x G, Tbls. 18	<u> 3</u>
	ASL E Per PSP				SCQ Section	n Apr	<u>end</u>	x H (final)	
7A.	Sampling Methods:	(Put a	n >	(in the ap	propriate sel	ectio	n.)		
	Biased Composite Intrusive Non-Intr *Systematic randor distance criterion	usive□	P	hased□ S	ource□ Ran	dom		ting the mini	mum
7B.	Sample Work Plan F area Remedial Actio				Specific Plan	for tl	ne as	ssociated Rer	mediation
	Background sample	s: <u>OU</u>	5 R	<u>I</u>	•				
7C.	Sample Collection F	Referer	nce	: Associat	ed PSP(s), S	MPL-	01		

1 , 1

000033

Effective Date: March 3, 2000

8. 8A <i>.</i>	Quality Control Samples: (I Field Quality Control Samp		the appropriate selection.)					
	Trip Blanks	_⊠ ¹	Container Blanks	Ø				
	Field Blanks	⊠ ²	Duplicate Samples	Ø				
	Equipment Rinsate Blanks	Ø	Split Samples	⊠ 3				
	Preservative Blanks Other (specify)	0	Performance Evaluation Samples	□.				
	 Collected for volatile organic sampling As noted in the PSP Split samples will be taken where required by the EPA 							
8B.	Laboratory Quality Control	Samples:						
	Method Blank	⊠	Matrix Duplicate/Replicate	⊠				
	Matrix Spike	⊠	Surrogate Spikes	×				

9. Other: Please identify any other germane information that may impact the data quality or gathering of this particular objective, task, or data use.

Sample density will be dependent upon the CU size (Group 1 [250'x250'] or Group 2 [500'x500']), as determined by historical and pre-certification scan data.

APPENDIX B

SP3 FOOTPRINT CU SAMPLES/COORDINATES/IDENTIFICATION

APPENDIX B SP3 CU SAMPLES/COORDINATES/IDENTIFICATION

Certification Unit	Sample ID	Analysis	Northing	Easting	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-1-RM	TAL A/B	478295.04	1348639.86	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-1-PS	TAL C/D	470293.04		
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-2-RM	TAL A/B	478274.61	1348739.85	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-2-PS	TAL C/D	470274.01	1040700.00	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-3-RM	TAL A/B	478246.95	1348794.85	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-3-PS	TAL C/D			
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-4-V	TAL A/B	478218.11	1348872.32	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-5-V	TAL A/B	478248.16	1348621.13	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-6-RM	TAL A/B	478207.97	1348702.15	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-7-RM	TAL A/B	478212.35	1348778.13	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-7-PS	TAL C/D		10.101.701.70	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-8-RM	TAL A/B	478151.13	1348850.33	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-8-PS	TAL C/D		1040000.00	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-9-V	TAL A/B	478204.96	1348653.18	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-10-RM	TAL A/B	478163.54	1348661.27	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-10-PS	TAL C/D	470103.54	1340001.27	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-11-RM	TAL A/B	477979.44	1348603.92	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-12-RM	TAL A/B	478107.04	1348840.14	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-13-RM	TAL A/B	478153.01	1348555.76	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-14-V	TAL A/B	478108.70	1348697.36	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-15-RM	TAL A/B			
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-15-RM-D	TAL A/B	470440.00	4040770 00	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-15-PS	TAL C/D	478118.88	1348758.92	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-15-PS-D	TAL C/D			
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-16-RM	TAL A/B		1010700 70	
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-16-RM	TAL C/D	478085.37	1348796.79	
A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-1-V	TAL A/B	478109.18	1348614.72	
A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-2-RM	TAL A/B	470005.04	4040070.05	
A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-2-PS	TAL C/D	478065.94	1348676.65	
A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-3-RM	TAL A/B			
A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-3-PS	TAL C/D	478086.14	1348725.12	
A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-4-RM	TAL A/B			
A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-4-PS	TAL C/D	478053.86	1348790.49	
A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-5-RM	TAL A/B	478073.59	1348542.90	
A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-6-V	TAL A/B	478053.84	1348629.06	
A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-7-RM	TAL A/B	478010.56	1348714.79	
A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-8-RM	TAL A/B			
A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-8-PS	TAL C/D	477992.54	1348827.34	
A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-9-V	TAL A/B	477993.78	1348582.72	
A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-10-RM	TAL A/B	477975.36	1348638.82	
A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-11-RM	TAL A/B			
A2P2-SP3-2 A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-11-RM	TAL C/D	477973.71	1348753.24	
A2P2-SP3-2 A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-11-P3	TAL A/B		<u> </u>	
A2P2-SP3-2 A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-12-RW	TAL C/D	477943.64	1348806.25	
	A2P2-SP3-C-2-12-P3	TAL A/B			
A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-13-PS	TAL C/D	477971.07	1348541.96	
A2P2-SP3-2		TAL C/B		 	
A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-14-RM A2P2-SP3-C-2-14-RM-D		477962.33 134860		
A2P2-SP3-2		TAL A/B			
A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-14-PS	TAL C/D		1	
A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-14-PS-D		477941.85	1348708.56	
A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-15-V	TAL A/B			
A2P2-SP3-2	A2P2-SP3-C-2-16-RM	TAL A/B	477910.46	1348789.39	

VARIANCE / FIELD CHANGE NOTICE V/F 20450PSP3-1 WBS NO.: PROJECT/DOCUMENT/ECDC #20450-PSP-0003 REV 0 Page 1 of 1 PROJECT TITLE: PSP for Certification Sampling of the Former Soil SP3 Footprint Date 10/24/00 VARIANCE / FIELD CHANGE NOTICE (Include justification): 3360 The purpose of this Variance/Field Change Notice (V/FCN) is to document the following two items. 1) Include the collection of alpha/beta samples. Analysis for gross alpha and gross beta will be performed for the following samples for shipping purposes only: A2P2-SP3-C-2-2 A2P2-SP3-C-1-1 A2P2-SP3-C-1-2 A2P2-SP3-C-2-3 A2P2-SP3-C-1-3 A2P2-SP3-C-2-4 A2P2-SP3-C-1-7 A2P2-SP3-C-2-8 A2P2-SP3-C-2-11 A2P2-SP3-C-1-8 A2P2-SP3-C-1-10 A2P2-SP3-C-2-12 A2P2-SP3-C-2-13 A2P2-SP3-C-1-15 A2P2-SP3-C-1-16 A2P2-SP3-C-2-14 The sampling and analytical requirements are as follows: ASL Preserve Holding Sample Method Sample Lab Container Analyte Time Matrix Mass None 12 months Plastic or Stainless Gross Alpha Alpha/Beta Solid On-site 50 grams steel core liner or glass Gross Beta Scan or polyethylene 2) Modify Table 3-1 to correct the preservation of arsenic and beryllium for the liquid matrix. The preservation should be HNO₃ to pH<2. Justification: INFORMATION 1) Off-site shipments require gross alpha and gross beta analysis prior to shipment. ONLY 2) This is the correct preservation for metals. REQUESTED BY: Deanna Diallo_ Date: 10/24/00 X IF REQD DATE X IF REQD VARIANCE/FCN APPROVAL DATE VARIANCE/FCN APPROVAL 10-24-00 X X Characterization Lead X WAYYTERY BUSTONERS SEPORT 10/24 **RTIMP Manager** X Sampling Manager X **REVISION REQUIRED:** []YES [x]NO VARIANCE/FCN APPROVED [X]YES I INO DISTRIBUTION OTHER: PROJECT MANAGER: DOCUMENT CONTROL: Jeannie Rosser

OTHER:

OTHER:

OUALITY ASSURANCE:

FIELD MANAGER:

OTHER:

OTHER:

000037

VARIANCE / FIELD CHANGE NOTICE

V/F 20450PSP3-2

WBS NO.: PROJECT/DOCUMENT/ECDC #20450-PSP-0003 REV 0

Page 1 of 1

PROJECT TITLE: PSP for Certification Sampling of the Former Soil SP3 Footprint

Date 10/26/00

VARIANCE / FIELD CHANGE NOTICE (Include justification):

23360

The purpose of this Variance/Field Change Notice (V/FCN) is to document the correct coordinates for sample point A2P2-SP3-C-1-11.

Modify the table in Appendix B to the following:

Certification Unit	Sample ID	Northing	Easting
A2P2-SP3-1	A2P2-SP3-C-1-11	478154	1348803

ORIGINAL

INFORMATION ONLY

Justification:

The wrong coordinates were transferred into the Appendix B table. This table needs to be updated with the correct information.

REQUESTED BY: Deanna Diallo	Date:	10/26/00		

X IF REQD	YARIANCE/FCN APPROVAL	DATE	X IF REQD	VARIANCE/FCN APPROVAL	DATE
Х	QUALITY ASSURANCE	10-26-00	X	PROJECT MANAGER	10-26-00
	DATA QUALITY MANAGEMENT	·	X	Consequation to the Mille Rolles	D-26-00
	ANALYTICAL CUSTOMER SUPPORT	·		RTIMP Manager	
	WAO		X	Sampling Manager Steer for 15-B	10/26/00
VARIANCE/FCN APPROVED [X]YES []NO			REVISION RI		/
DISTRIBUTION					

PROJECT MANAGER:	DOCUMENT CONTROL: Jeannie Rosser	OTHER:
QUALITY ASSURANCE:	OTHER:	OTHER: 000038
FIELD MANAGER:	OTHER:	OTHER:

VARIANCE / FIELD CHANGE NOTICE WBS NO.: PROJECT/DOCUMENT/ECDC #20450-PSP-0003 REV 0 PROJECT TITLE: PSP for Certification Sampling of the Former Soil SP3 Footprint VARIANCE / FIELD CHANGE NOTICE (Include justification): 3360 The purpose of this Variance/Field Change Notice (V/FCN) is to cancel the alpha/beta samples added in V/FCN 20450PSP3-1.

Justification:

PROJECT MANAGER:

QUALITY ASSURANCE:

FIELD MANAGER:

REQUESTED BY: Deanna Diallo_

Due to historical data, alpha/beta samples were not required for shipping purposes.

X IF REQD	VARIANCE/FCN APPROVAL	DATE	X IF REQD	VARIANCE/FCN APPROVAL	DATE
x	QUALITY ASSURANCE TANKE FOL F. THE	10-30-00 N BOU	х	PROJECT MANAGER	10-30-00
	DATA QUALITY MANAGEMENT		х	Characterization Lead Land	10 10 100
X	ANALYTICAL CUSTOMER SUPPORT	10/31/00		RTIMP Manager	
	WAO		Х	Sampling Manager TomBullage	10/31/00
VARIANCE/FCN APPROVED [X]YES []NO			REVISION RI	. 7	
DISTRIBUTION					

DOCUMENT CONTROL: Jeannie Rosser

OTHER:

OTHER:

Date: 10/29/00



OTHER:

OTHER:

INFORMATION ONLY

000039